

Disclaimer

Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this presentation other than statements of historical fact may constitute forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our future operating, investing, and financing activities for our future liquidity and capital resource needs. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, many of which are outside of our control, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including: secular shifts in consumer demand for swimming pools and spending on outdoor living spaces; slow pace of material consumers active pools to fiberglass pools in the pool industry; changes in access to consumer credit or increases in interest rates impacting consumers' ability to finance their purchases of pools; macroeconomic conditions; our ability to sustain further growth in our tracet, develop and retain highly qualified personnel; our ability to finance their purchases or products; the loss of our largest customers or suppliers; our ability to source the quantity or quality of raw materials and components, and increases in costs thereof; inflationary impacts; product quality issues, warranty claims or safety concerns; competition; failure to meet customer specifications or consumer expectations; our inability to obtain resource planning system; changes or increases in environmental, health, safety, transportation of our enterprise resource planning system; changes or increases in environmental, health, safety, transportation of our generations, our inability to obtain raw materials timely, and increases in transportation ocsts; enforcement of intellectual property rights by or against us; the risks of doing business internationally; cybe

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We track our non-GAAP financial measures to monitor and manage our underlying financial performance. This presentation includes the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA (including on a last twelve months' basis), Adjusted EBITDA margin, Net Debt, and Net Debt Leverage Ratio. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP financial measures that exclude the impact of certain costs, losses and gains that are required to be included in our profit and loss measures under GAAP. Net Debt and Net Debt Leverage Ratio are non-GAAP financial measures used in monitoring and evaluating our overall liquidity, financial flexibility, and leverage. Although we believe these measures are useful to investors and analysts for the same reasons it is useful to management, as discussed below, these measures are neither a substitute for, nor superior to, U.S. GAAP financial measures. We have reconciled Adjusted EBITDA and Net Debt to the applicable most comparable GAAP measure, net loss and total debt, respectively, in this presentation.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are key metrics used by management and our board of directors to assess our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA margin are also frequently used by analysts, investors and other interested parties to evaluate companies in our industry, when considered alongside other GAAP measures. We use Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin to supplement GAAP measures of performance to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies, to make budgeting decisions, to utilize as a significant performance mentic in our annual management incentive bonus plan compensation, and to compare our performance against that of other companies using similar measures, and as a performance measure in certain employee incentive programs. We have presented Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin solely as supplemental disclosures because we believe they allow for a more complete analysis of results of operations and assist investors and analysts in comparing our operating performance across reporting periods on a consistent basis by excluding items that are non-cash items or which we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance, such as (i) depreciation and amortization, (ii) interest expense, (iii) income tax (benefit) expense, (iv) loss (gain) on sale and disposal of property and equipment, (v) restructuring charges, (vi) stock-based compensation expense, (vii) urrealized (gains) losses on foreign currency transactions, (viii) strategic initiative costs, (ix) acquisition and integration related costs, (x) loss on extinguishment of debt, (xi) underwriting fees related to offering of common stock, (xii) the Odessa fire and other such unusual events, (xiii) IPO costs and (xiv) other items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP financial measures and should not be considered as alternatives to net loss as a measure of financial performance or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP, and they should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin at all or may calculate Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin as tools for comparison.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin have their limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are that Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin:

- · do not reflect every expenditure, future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- · do not reflect changes in our working capital needs;
- do not reflect the interest expense, or the amounts necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our outstanding debt;
- do not reflect income tax (benefit) expense, and because the payment of taxes is part of our operations, tax expense is a necessary element of our costs and ability to operate;
- do not reflect non-cash stock-based compensation, which will remain a key element of our overall compensation package; and
- do not reflect the impact of earnings or charges resulting from matters we consider not to be indicative of our ongoing operations.

Although depreciation and amortization are eliminated in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin do not reflect any costs of such replacements.

Net Debt and Net Debt Leverage Ratio

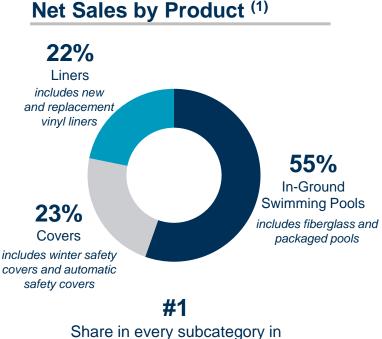
We define Net Debt as total debt less cash and cash equivalents. We define the Net Debt Leverage Ratio as Net Debt divided by last twelve months ("LTM") of Adjusted EBITDA. We believe this measure is an important indicator of our ability to service our long-term debt obligations. There are material limitations to using Net Debt Leverage Ratio as we may not always be able to use cash to repay debt on a dollar-for-dollar basis.







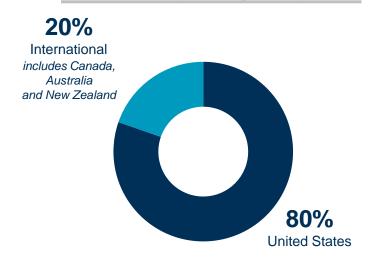
Balanced Portfolio Serving an Attractive Market



which we compete

~50% Share of the fiberglass category (3)

Net Sales by Geography (1)

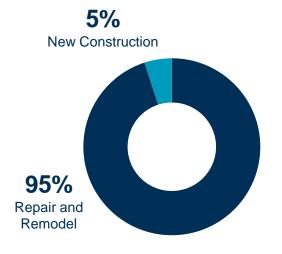


95% Of the U.S. population can be reached in two days with our fleet

Only

Coast-to-coast manufacturer

Net Sales by End Market (2)



~100K - 120K All-season covers

~180K - 200K Vinyl liners must be replaced every year in the U.S.

Source: Management's analysis based on information from studies by a third-party research consulting firm commissioned by the Company, management's knowledge as market participants and PK Data.

- (1) Reflects FY'22 reported figures.
- (2) Repair and remodel defined as pools installed on existing homes built more than one year prior (based on 2020 year-end data).
- (3) Reflects share in North America.

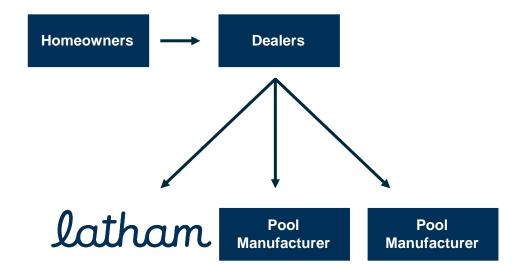


Transformational B2C Go-to-Market Fiberglass Strategy

Latham's unique direct-to-homeowner model provides meaningful differentiation that is being enhanced through ongoing investment

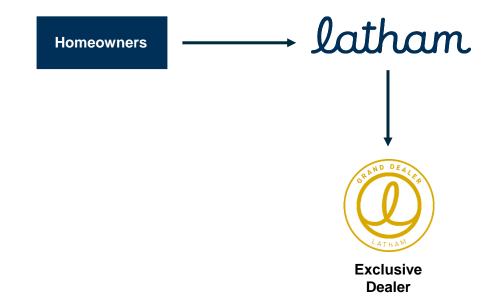
Yesterday

Homeowners relied on their local dealer to provide them information on pool manufacturers, shapes, sizes and materials and were restricted by dealer inventories



Today

Today, Latham controls the homeowner education process and has the ability to funnel purchase-ready leads to prequalified dealers through its website or mobile app





Significant Competitive Advantages

Latham's leading position is driven by its unparalleled geographic reach, scaled manufacturing footprint and broad offering of products

Geographic Reach

Latham's Extensive Footprint, Including
Over 30 Locations, Lowers Transportation
Costs and Lead Times



With a national network, we can strategically invest in internal freight costs to meet regional fluctuations



Proximity to customers is vital; overhighway transportation costs become very expensive beyond 400–500 miles

Ability to serve 95% of the U.S. in two days



Timeliness of delivery is key, as a multi-hour miss vs. schedule can meaningfully impact profit on a project

Latham views last mile delivery as a core competency (full-time drivers, owned trucks)

Manufacturing Processes and Production Capability

Footprint Creates Advantages Due to Significant Facility Startup Costs and Time

- Latham continues to effectively add manufacturing capacity
- Broad portfolio of about 90 fiberglass pool models and over 600 fiberglass pool molds across our global manufacturing footprint
- Vast portfolio of about 35 vinyl pool molds, enabling Latham to create custom pools to address a variety of homeowner preferences
- Local and state air permits are integral to manufacturing fiberglass pools
- We have secured and amended permits such that we can easily double fiberglass manufacturing capacity
- We manufacture all products to meet or exceed pool requirements under ICC code

Compelling Value Proposition

Scale and Access to Capital to Invest in Customers; No Other Competitor Can Provide



Latham can cost efficiently provide dealers with well-qualified leads



Localized digital marketing spend, cobranding, enhanced product literature, better in-store display samples and white-label websites



"Latham University" provides start-up training as well as continuing education on products and best practices



Business consulting teams to help dealers through challenges (e.g., Scaling from 30–50 pools a year to 75–100 pools by adding crews and following case studies)



Latham's Commitment to ESG Excellence

Sustainability

Our products save water and energy

Consistent use of automatic safety covers lead to ~90% reduction in water evaporation and over 50% reduction in energy usage

Fiberglass penetration reduces pollution

Fiberglass growth compresses demand for cement, the third largest source of industrial pollution⁽¹⁾

Clean, "chemical-light" water

Fiberglass pools decrease algae and reduce chemical needs

Commitment to Human Capital

Diversity and inclusion

>50% of Latham workforce comprised of underrepresented minorities

~50% female representation across multiple functions and progressing in others

Best-in-class workforce safety
 Strict safety standards, senior management oversight, and mandatory training

Made in America

All of our domestically-sold products are manufactured in the USA

NOTE: See https://ir.lathampool.com/esg to view our ESG report and ESG website

1. United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Focus on Customer Safety



Our products save lives

latham

skilljar

Automatic safety covers enforce the highest level of safety for children and pets

Creating and adhering to industry standards
 Leader in designing pools that meet the highest consumer safety standards

Corporate Governance



- Board and Senior Management Oversight
 Regular reporting of ESG program progress to Board committee; cross-functional internal work group determines and tracks key metrics
- Separation of Chairman and CEO
 Example of commitment to best practices in corporate governance
- Experienced perspective

High-quality board of directors comprised of visionary leaders of branded, disruptive businesses and experienced, successful, long-term investors





COMMITTED TO SERVING OUR
CUSTOMERS, COMMUNITIES AND
THE ENVIRONMENT

EMPLOYERS

Unique Long-Term Growth Formula



Leverage Leading Brand and Digital Assets

Content-rich platform provides homeowners with education and engagement tools that help them
navigate the pool buying journey and connects them with our dealer partners



Accelerate Pace of Fiberglass Material Conversion

- Scale and industry leadership allow Latham to drive material conversion from concrete to fiberglass pools
- Focus on driving homeowner awareness of the lower cost and superior performance of fiberglass pools and dealer education on greater profit opportunity



Strategic Partnerships with Priority Dealers

 True business partner approach allows Latham to secure exclusivity from its dealers and enable fiberglass pools to take market share in the residential in-ground swimming pool industry



Strategic Acquisitions to Enhance the Latham Platform

• Strategic acquisitions and partnerships to expand geographic reach, enhance the existing product portfolio, and drive operational efficiencies

Transforming the Industry Through Our Digital Strategy



SUITE OF DIGITAL ASSETS









LEAD ENGINE





Our unique direct-to-homeowner model and suite of digital technologies creates a superior customer experience

We have invested more in our portfolio of digital assets and capabilities than the rest of the industry, combined

Our online resources and educational tools simplify the consumer buying experience

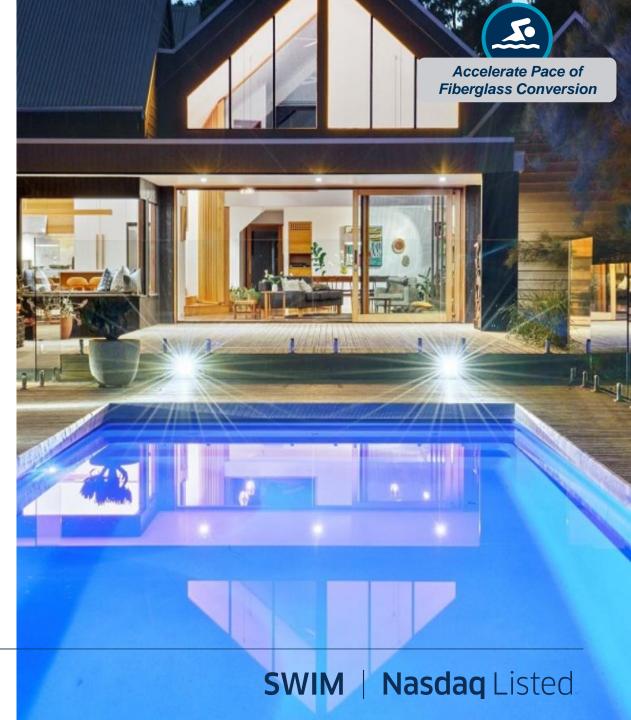
We generate demand for our pools by providing high quality, purchase-ready consumer-lead generation for our dealers

Paid search is a lever to drive additional leads to our dealer partners



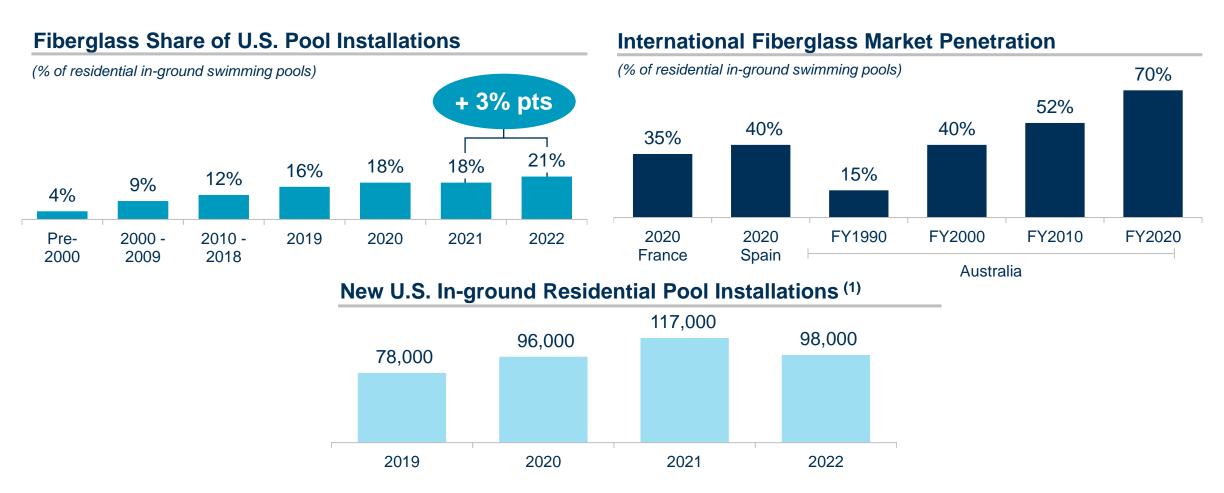
Fiberglass: The Future of the Industry

- Premium quality and exceptional design
 With impressive strength that outperforms concrete and our proprietary stunning finishes, our fiberglass pools are the most durable and attractive swimming pools in the market
- Less chemicals, saltwater friendly
 The smooth, non-porous finish of fiberglass eliminates the need for harsh chemicals. It also allows consumers to opt for an eye and skin-friendly saltwater pool without concerns of saltwater corrosion
- Lower cost: now and for a lifetime
 Fiberglass pools have less upfront costs and lower repair expenses compared to concrete
- Buy today, swim tomorrow
 Fiberglass pools can be installed in as little as two-to-three days, compared to up to three months for concrete pools. Rapid installation means less time managing a construction site and more time swimming
- Built to last
 Your Latham pool is guaranteed for a lifetime. Say goodbye to refinishing and resurfacing concrete pools









Source: Management's analysis based on information from studies by a third-party research consulting firm in 2019-2020 commissioned by the Company, management's knowledge of market participants, and PK Data (1) Defined as new in-ground pool starts, per PK Data.



Latham's Superior Value Proposition



Fiberglass pools offer a superior value proposition that is underpinned by lower up-front and total lifecycle costs for the homeowner and attractive economics for the dealer

Accelerating Conversion









Fiberglass is built to last

Lower Cost: Now and for a Lifetime

pfront Cost ~\$78 of Major Repairs D-year Maintenance ~\$11 otal 10-year Cost \$89		
of Major Repairs D-year Maintenance ~\$11 otal 10-year Cost ~\$89	,000 - \$51,0	00 ~\$104,250 1
O-year Maintenance ~\$11 otal 10-year Cost ~\$89	1	1
otal 10-year Cost ~\$89		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,660 ~\$21,5	30 ~\$43,050
fatime Marranty	,660 ~\$72,5	30 ~\$147,350
fetime Warranty	×	×
ustomer Satisfaction		#2

Installer Economics						
	<u>Fiberglass</u>	<u>Vinyl</u>	Concrete			
Total Project Time	I 1 week	1 month	3 months			
1-year Install Capacity	~125 pools	~35 pools	~20 pools			
Labor Crew	3 people	6-8 people	8-10 people			
Profit Per Pool	\$5-10K	\$5-10K	\$5-15K			
Install Profitability	~\$1.25M	~\$350K	~\$300K			
·			•			

+25% savings in up front costs

+39% savings in total lifecycle upkeep costs

Source: Management's analysis based on information from studies by a third-party research consulting firm in 2019-2020 commissioned by the Company and management's knowledge as market participants. Note: Assumes pool of a certain size, with all other conditions being the same; Assumes certain number of working days per year with one pool building crew; certain number of days per installation of each type of pool, resulting in certain number of pool installations per year for each type of pool. Assumes pool of a certain size, with all other conditions being the same.



Positioning Dealer Partners for Success



Exclusive Partnerships formed Globally

Dealer Bootcamp Training Events in FY22

~20K **Qualified Leads Shared with Dealers in FY22**





Lead Generation Engine

- Latham funnels demand through its website and mobile app to deliver well-qualified leads to dealer partners
- Latham's proven lead generation engine has allowed it to secure exclusivity from the top 350+ dealers
- Latham has proven it can cost efficiently provide a greater volume of leads than its dealers can handle

Latham Dealer Partners

- "Latham Grand" dealer program allows 250+ North American dealers to benefit from access to purchase-ready leads
- Latham has transitioned its dealers away from three legacy sub-brand affiliations
- Exclusive supply agreements with top builders in the nation driving fiberglass conversion from concrete
- Continue to rollout new partnerships in under-serviced markets, focused on accelerating the fiberglass conversion story



Training Center • South

Narellangoods"

Business Excellence Coaching

Vathou



Installation Assistance

Training Resources Provided

- Latham University provides hands-on installation training for dealer partners
 - o Hosted 8 fiberglass and packaged pool bootcamp training events in FY22, which were attended by over 200 individuals, representing approximately 100 companies
- Latham's dealer partners discover firsthand the benefits of fiberglass pools
- Latham operates a dedicated facility in Florida that offers specialized in-person training
- Latham's "business excellence" coaches help dealers scale by adding crews

(1) Includes dealers in the U.S, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand.

Latham provides high quality leads, hands-on training and business excellence coaching for its dealer partners





Execute and Integrate Strategic Acquisitions



Latham has a history of successful M&A integration and has ample opportunity for additional add-ons given industry fragmentation

A Clear M&A Framework...

Strategically expand U.S. and international footprint

Seek high-quality businesses with complementary offerings

Target companies with high growth and strong margins

Focus on the consumer experience through shared technology and best practices

Significant white space to execute on our successful M&A playbook and accelerate Company growth

...with a Successful Track Record of M&A...













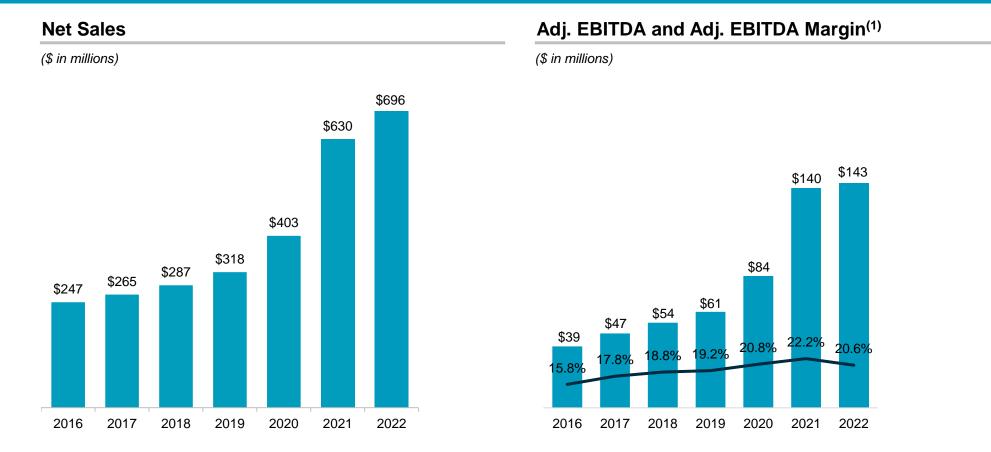
...in a Fragmented Industry

Primarily made up of many small regional players focused on one product category



Latham Has a Track Record of Driving Growth

Our fiberglass pool sales have outpaced the overall markets' sales from 2016 – 2022



NOTE: Net Sales and Adjusted EBITDA reflect reported figures.

^{1.} See Appendix for the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin to net income (loss) and net income (loss) margin, respectively. Adjusted EBITDA margin is Adjusted EBITDA divided by net sales.



Disciplined Approach to Capital Allocation

Reinvesting in the Business

- Targeted investments in organic growth opportunities that generate significant returns and value creation
- Focus on fiberglass production / delivery equipment and new fiberglass molds

Selective Strategic Investments in Inorganic Growth

- Strong history of successful M&A integration
- Ample opportunity for additional add-ons given industry fragmentation

Maintaining a Strong Balance Sheet

- As of April 1, 2023, cash and cash equivalents of \$55 million, \$27 million of borrowing availability on our \$75 million Revolving Credit Facility, and total debt of \$360 million
- Net Debt Leverage Ratio⁽¹⁾ was 2.9x at end of Q1 2023

Returning Capital to Shareholders

 As of April 1, 2023, \$77 million remained available for share repurchases of its shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Company's \$100 million authorization

(1) Calculated by net debt divided by LTM Adjusted EBITDA for the four fiscal quarters ended April 1, 2023. See appendix for the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss and Net Debt and Net Debt Leverage Ratio to the comparable GAAP measure



Fiscal 2023 Outlook⁽¹⁾

Metric	Low	High
Net Sales	\$565 million	\$615 million
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$90 million	\$110 million
Capital Expenditures	\$35 million	\$40 million

Reflects:

- First quarter fiscal 2023 results
- The impact of macroeconomic challenges on consumer spending and demand, resulting in anticipated declines in the industry for U.S. new in-ground pool installations in 2023 versus 2022
- Normalization of packaged pool channel inventory in the wholesale distribution channel from elevated levels, which is expected to remain a headwind through at least the first half of 2023
- Continued progress executing our strategy to drive material conversion from concrete to fiberglass swimming pools, supported by our continued momentum on our lead generation efforts and digital tools
- Benefits from previously announced cost reduction actions and continuous improvement initiatives
- Disciplined capital investments with a focus on the completion of projects for the Kingston, Ontario and Seminole, Oklahoma fiberglass manufacturing facilities
- (1) Represents guidance given by the Company as of May 9, 2023. These are forward-looking statements. See "Forward-looking statements" on page 2 of this presentation.
- 2) A reconciliation of Latham's projected Adjusted EBITDA to net loss is not available due to uncertainty related to our future income tax expense.





Appendix



Non-GAAP Reconciliations Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

(in thousands)	Predecessor			Successor			
	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,		Period of January 1, 2018 through December 18,	Period of December 19, 2018 through December 31,	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,		
		2016	2017	2018	2018	2019	2020
Net income (loss)	\$	2,900	\$35,236	\$1,889	\$ (5,032)	\$7,457	\$15,983
Depreciation and amortization		14,162	14,587	14,767	1,228	21,659	25,365
Interest expense		14,550	14,143	11,116	664	22,639	18,251
Income tax expense (benefit)		5,720	(13,516)	4,229	(981)	(4,671)	6,776
Loss (gain) on sale and disposal of property and equipment		233	(204)	914	34	680	332
Restructuring charges ⁽¹⁾		609	176	1,271	47	980	1,265
Management fees ⁽²⁾		500	500	482	18	500	-
Stock-based compensation expense ⁽³⁾		9	9	(18)	-	808	1,827
Unrealized (gains) losses on foreign currency transactions ⁽⁴⁾		47	(1,596)	2,312	85	(300)	(1,111)
Strategic initiative costs ⁽⁵⁾		-	-	-	-	964	6,264
Acquisition and integration related costs (6)		592	239	19,135	707	3,612	5,497
Other ⁽⁷⁾		(259)	(2,322)	1,227	45	6,722	1,656
IPO costs ⁽⁸⁾		-	-	-	-	-	1,731
Adjusted EBITDA		\$39,063	\$47,252	\$57,324	\$ (3,185)	\$61,050	\$83,836
Adjusted EBITDA margin		15.8%	17.8%	20.1%	NM	19.2%	20.8%

- (1) Represents the cost of shutting down production and warehouse facilities in New Market, New Hampshire, Decatur, Georgia, Oregon City, Oregon, and Mississauga, Ontario, Canada, including the cost to transfer and dispose of property and equipment and involuntary workforce reductions. Also includes severance and other costs for our executive management changes.
- (2) Represents management fees paid to our Principal Stockholders in accordance with our expense reimbursement arrangement, which terminated as of the effective date of our IPO.
- (3) Represents non-cash stock-based compensation expense.
- (4) Represents foreign currency transaction (gains) and losses associated with our international subsidiaries and changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration recorded in connection with the acquisition of Narellan, which was settled in September 2020.
- (5) Represents fees paid to external consultants for our strategic initiatives, including our rebranding initiative.
- (6) Represents acquisition and integration costs primarily related to the acquisition of Narellan, the acquisition of GLI, the equity investment in Premier Pools & Spas, as well as other costs related to a transaction that was abandoned.
- (7) Other costs consist of other discrete items as determined by management, including: (i) fees paid to external consultants for tax restructuring, (ii) the cost for legal defense of a specified matter, (iii) the cost incurred and insurance proceeds received related to our production facility fire in Dix, Illinois, in 2016, and our production facility fire in Picton, Australia, in 2020, (iv) temporary cleaning, equipment and salary costs incurred in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, offset by government grants received in the United States, Canada and New Zealand, (v) non-cash adjustments to record the step-up in the fair value of inventory related to the Acquisition of Narellan and the acquisition of GLI, which are amortized through cost of sales in the annual consolidated and in the interim condensed consolidated statements of operations, (vi) non-cash adjustments related to our frozen defined benefit pension plans, which were terminated in 2020, and (vii) other items.
- (8) Represents items management believes are not indicative of ongoing operating performance. These expenses are primarily composed of legal, accounting and professional fees incurred in connection with the IPO that are not capitalizable, which are included within selling, general and administrative expense.



Non-GAAP Reconciliations Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Fiscal Year Ended		ded	
December 31, 2022			
\$	(5,694)	\$	(62,348)
	38,175		32,230
	15,753		24,433
	19,415		8,818
	193		275
	1,607		906
	50,634		128,775
	2,534		1,151
	3,948		2,531
	326		3,576
	3,465		_
	11,437		_
	869		_
	_		3,956
	590		(4,484)
\$	143,252	\$	139,819
\$	695,736	\$	630,456
	(0.8)%		(9.9)%
	20.6%		22.2%
	\$ \$	\$ (5,694) 38,175 15,753 19,415 193 1,607 50,634 2,534 3,948 326 3,465 11,437 869 590 \$ 143,252 \$ 695,736 (0.8)%	\$ (5,694) \$ 38,175 15,753 19,415 193 1,607 50,634 2,534 3,948 326 3,465 11,437 869 590 \$ 143,252 \$

⁽¹⁾ Represents costs related to a cost reduction plan announced in 2022 to optimize production and shift schedules, implement a workforce reduction, and to shut down our Bossier City, Louisiana facility. Also includes severance and other costs for our executive management changes.

(2) Represents foreign currency transaction (gains) and losses associated with our international subsidiaries and changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration recorded in connection with the acquisition of Narellan, which was settled in September 2020.

⁽⁹⁾ Other costs consist of other discrete items as determined by management, primarily including: (i) fees paid to external advisors for various matters, (ii) the cost incurred and insurance proceeds related to our production facility fire in Picton, Australia in 2020, (iii) non-cash adjustments to record the step-up in the fair value of inventory related to the acquisitions of GLI and Radiant, which were amortized through cost of sales in the consolidated statements of operations, (iv) gain on sale of portion of equity method investment, and (v) other items.



Eigeal Voor Ended

⁽³⁾ Represents expenses for our strategic initiatives, including our rebranding initiative and fees paid to external consultants.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents acquisition and integration costs primarily related to the acquisitions of GLI and Radiant, the equity investment in Premier Pools & Spas, as well as other costs related to potential transactions.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents the loss on extinguishment of debt in connection with our debt refinancing on February 23, 2022.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents underwriting fees related to our offering of common stock that was completed in January 2022.

⁽⁷⁾ Represents costs incurred and insurance recoveries related to a production facility fire in Odessa, Texas.

⁽⁸⁾ These expenses are primarily composed of legal, accounting and professional fees incurred in connection with our initial public offering that are not capitalizable, and that are included within selling, general and administrative expense.

Non-GAAP Reconciliations Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

	Fiscal Quarter Ended				
(in thousands)	Apr	il 1, 2023	April 2, 2022		
Net loss	\$	(14,368)	\$	(2,840)	
Depreciation and amortization		9,258		9,494	
Interest expense		10,804		1,765	
Income tax (benefit) expense		(2,928)		5,307	
Loss on sale and disposal of property and equipment		8		_	
Restructuring charges ⁽¹⁾		519		13	
Stock-based compensation expense ⁽²⁾		6,769		16,925	
Unrealized losses (gains) on foreign currency transactions ⁽³⁾		730		(4)	
Strategic initiative costs ⁽⁴⁾		1,067		1,818	
Acquisition and integration related costs ⁽⁵⁾		11		257	
Loss on extinguishment of debt ⁽⁶⁾		_		3,465	
Underwriting fees related to offering of common stock ⁽⁷⁾		_		11,437	
Odessa fire ⁽⁸⁾		(864)			
Other ⁽⁹⁾		27		325	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	11,033	\$	47,962	
Net sales	\$	137,719	\$	191,614	
Net loss margin		<u>(10.4)</u> %		(1.5 <u>)</u> %	
Adjusted EBITDA margin		<u>8.0</u> %		<u>25.0</u> %	

⁽¹⁾ Represents costs related to a cost reduction plan announced in 2022 to optimize production and shift schedules, implement a workforce reduction, and to shut down our Bossier City, Louisiana facility. Also includes severance and other costs for our executive management changes.

⁽⁹⁾ Other costs consist of other discrete items as determined by management, primarily including (i) fees paid to external advisors for various matters, (ii) non-cash adjustments to record the step-up in the fair value of inventory related to the acquisitions of Radiant, which was amortized through cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, and (iii) other items.



⁽²⁾ Represents non-cash stock-based compensation expense.

⁽³⁾ Represents unrealized foreign currency transaction losses (gain) associated with our international subsidiaries.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents fees paid to external consultants for our strategic initiatives.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents acquisition and integration costs primarily related to the acquisition of Radiant, the equity investment in Premier Pools & Spas, as well as other costs related to potential transactions.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents the loss on extinguishment of debt in connection with our debt refinancing on February 23, 2022.

⁽⁷⁾ Represents underwriting fees related to our offering of common stock that was completed in January 2022.

⁽⁸⁾ Represents costs incurred and insurance recoveries in excess of costs incurred for the period related to a production facility fire in Odessa, Texas.

Non-GAAP Reconciliations Net Debt and Net Debt Leverage Ratio

(in thousands)	As of April 1, 2023		
Total debt	\$	360,461	
Less:			
Cash		(55,016)	
Net Debt		305,455	
LTM Adjusted EBITDA ^(a)		106,323	
Net Debt Leverage Ratio		2.9x	

(a) LTM Adjusted EBITDA is the sum of the Company's Adjusted EBITDA for the four fiscal quarters ended April 1, 2023. See Appendix for the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss.

